

Please replace paragraph [0003] with the following paragraph:

[0003] A communication system may be capable of providing wireless packet switched services for a mobile station. Examples of such systems include the General Packet Radio Service (GPRS), the Enhanced Data rate for GSM Evolution (EDGE) mobile data network, the third generation (3G) telecommunication systems such as the Universal Mobile Telecommunication System (UMTS) or IMT-2000 and the ~~Terrestrial~~ Terrestrial Trunked Radio (TETRA) system. The TETRA is an open digital professional mobile radio standard that is especially designed for professional use, such as to be used by public authorities, business ~~organisations~~ organizations and similar users. Examples of the TETRA users include police, public safety and health authorities and big companies. A feature of the TETRA is that after a data communication link has been established it may be kept continuously open. That is, after establishment of the data link it is not necessary to dial up a data connection to be able to communicate data between two or more terminals. The technical specifications for a TETRA system are defined more particularly by the ETSI (European Telecommunications Standard Institute).

Please replace paragraph [0015] with the following paragraph:

[0015] The READY timer is started each time a datagram is transmitted. The READY timer will then run for a predefined period regardless what happens during the transmission. That is, events occurring during the proceeding of a datagram transmission in a lower layer cannot influence (e.g. stop or reset) the operation of the READY timer implemented on a higher layer of the communication function model. The same applies to an establishment of a logical link control (LLC) advanced link is that may be employed in the data transmission. The term 'advanced link' refers to a link layer protocol that can be used for the division of the PDU into segments, for transferring of the segments

over the air interface and for compiling of the segments back into a protocol data unit at the receiving end. The only information the SNDCP level of the communication function model receives is an indication whether the transmission or reception of a whole datagram was successful or not. The READY timer may be reset only after the reception of this indication at the SNDCP level.

Please replace paragraph [0052] with the following paragraph:

[0052] Each L2 LLC entity 12 is adapted to receive advanced link data segments from a peer entity. The transmission of the data segments is initiated by ~~signalling~~ signaling an initial message 20 (segment 0) to the LLC entity 12. The LLC entity 12 may then signal a message 21 to a SNDCP entity i.e. the L3 mobile station entity 11 as an indication that the reception of the segment of a PDP datagram has ~~been~~ been started. As shown by FIGS. 2a and 2b, the L3 READY timer is suspended in response to the receipt of the message 21.